AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Citrus Heights Water District Citrus Heights, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Citrus Heights Water District (the District), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the Board of Directors Citrus Heights Water District

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Report on Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 3 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 27, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company

March 27, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

The management of the Citrus Heights Water District (District) presents this Management Discussion and Analysis to achieve two goals:

- 1. To comply with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34) that are designed to provide more and easier-to-understand information about the finances of local government agencies such as the District; and
- 2. To provide readers with narrative information that may help in understanding and interpreting the information presented in the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (FY2013).

Questions or comments regarding this Management Discussion and Analysis may be directed to the District Treasurer via the following methods:

Mailing address: Citrus Heights Water District

P.O. Box 286

Citrus Heights, California 95611-0286

Telephone: (916) 725-6873 Facsimile: (916) 725-0345 E-mail: custserv@chwd.org

Financial Highlights

The following items are, in the opinion of District management, among the most significant in assessing the District's overall financial activities during FY2013 and its financial position at the close of FY2013:

- ❖ The District's assets exceeded its liabilities at the end of FY2013 by \$53,059,686. About 79.4 percent of the District's net position, \$42,108,244, is composed of the capital assets of the District − the water transmission and distribution system, water production facilities, land, buildings and equipment belonging to the District. Unrestricted net assets totaled \$10,414,469, up from \$9,765,994 at the end of FY2012. This increase is due primarily to revenue generated from increased water sales in FY2013 as compared with FY2012, and also a 3 percent water rate increase levied by the Board of Directors at the beginning of FY2013. The increase in unrestricted net assets represents continued progress by the District toward rebuilding its financial reserves after spending down millions of dollars in reserves between 2000 and 2008 to pay for water meters, groundwater wells and other capital improvements. The District has designated \$1,000,000 from its unrestricted net position for rate stabilization and/or catastrophic losses, leaving \$9,414,469 for current and future operations and projects.
- ❖ The District's operating revenues for FY2013 were \$11,358,086. About 96 percent of all revenues, \$10,905,197, came from water sales to customers. As previously mentioned,

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

the District adopted a rate increase for FY2013, increasing water rates by 3 percent above water rates that were in place for FY2012.

The District's total net long-term liabilities at the end of FY2013 including the 2012 Revenue Refunding bonds, the 2010 Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation, accrued other postemployment benefits and compensated absences, is \$6,174,488. This is a decrease of \$518,572 from net long-term liabilities at the end of FY2012, due in large part to a reduction in principal on debt during 2013 resulting from debt service payments during the year. A decrease in the long-term liability for compensated absences of \$73,905 in FY2013 compared with FY2012 is due in part to the cash-out of significant leave balances by a long-tenured District employee that retired during FY2013.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis; and (2) the financial statements, including the notes to financial statements.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units on an accrual basis. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, and depreciation of assets is recognized in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included in the Balance Sheet.

The Balance Sheet presents the financial position of the District on a full accrual historical cost basis and provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

Balance Sheet

As of December 31, 2013, the total net position of the District was \$53,059,686. The following table summarizes assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net assets at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

		2012
	2013	(Restated)
Current assets, unrestricted	\$ 12,628,606	\$ 11,980,467
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	536,973	536,967
Capital assets, net	47,548,396	45,993,090
Deferred outflows	88,093	101,143
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	60,802,068	58,611,667
Current liabilities	1,538,722	1,597,036
Long-term liabilities	6,174,488	6,693,060
Deferred Inflows	29,172	30,497
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	7,742,382	8,320,593
N. A. D. A.		
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	42,108,244	39,988,113
Restricted	536,973	536,967
Unrestricted	10,414,469	9,765,994
Total Net Position	\$53,059,686	\$50,291,074

The District's net position reflects restrictions imposed as a condition of its Certificates of Participation debt. The remaining net position is unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	2013	2012 (Restated)
Operating revenues	\$ 11,358,086	\$ 10,693,408
Operating expenses:		
Customer service, administration and general	2,763,786	2,481,956
Water purchases	2,322,002	2,219,550
Transmission and distribution	1,289,768	1,597,456
Pumping and well maintenance	133,950	130,129
Water demand management	88,817	74,923
Depreciation and amortization	1,898,303	1,778,195
Total operating expenses	8,496,626	8,282,209
Operating income	2,861,460	2,411,199
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(163,505)	(231,542)
Net income before capital contributions	2,679,955	2,179,657
Capital contributions:		
Contributed (donated) assets	70,657	96,445
Capital grants	-	-
Total capital contributions	70,657	96,445
Change in net position	2,768,612	2,276,102
Net position, beginning of year	50,291,074	48,014,972
Net position, end of year	\$ 53,059,686	\$ 50,291,074

Total net position increased \$2,768,612, or 5.5 percent from the prior year. Operating revenue that exceeded operating expenses by \$2,861,460 accounts for the increase in net assets, and most of these funds were expended for the construction of capital improvements or set aside for that purpose. The receipt of \$70,657 in donated assets from private developer additions to the District's water distribution system accounted for about 2.6 percent of the increase in net assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

Total operating revenues increased \$664,678 or 6.2 percent from the prior year. A combination of increased water sales and an increase in water rates accounts for most of this increase. Water consumption by District customers increased in FY2013 compared with consumption in FY2011-12. A likely reason for the increased water consumption in FY2013 may have been due to lower-than-average rainfall for the year which tends to increase the amount of outdoor watering by customers.

Operating expenses increased \$214,417, a 2.6 percent increase from the prior year, due to increases in operating costs such as employee salaries and benefits, as well as increases in the cost of materials and supplies used to operate and maintain the District's water distribution system and groundwater production wells.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2013, the District's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, was \$42,108,244, including: the water transmission and distribution system (underground pipelines, water services, water meters, fire hydrants, and other components); water production facilities (groundwater wells); land; buildings and both mobile and fixed equipment.

Replacement of aging pipelines and water service connections throughout the District's system continued to represent the majority of the \$3.47 million additions to the District's capital assets in FY2013. A number of private development projects resulted in the addition of \$70,657 in donated capital assets.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note C, <u>Capital Assets</u>, of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

The District continues to meet its debt obligations under its 2010 Refunded Certificates of Participation (COPs), and the 2012 Revenue Refunding bonds. Through scheduled debt service payments during FY2013, principal on its collective debt was reduced by \$564,819 during the year. The District's total debt from its COP and bond issuances now stands at approximately \$5.98 million.

Total compensated absences (long-term liability and current portion combined), are composed of leave hours earned by employees that are payable upon termination or retirement and are valued at \$404,756 at the end of FY2013, a reduction of \$51,545 from the FY2012 year-end amount of \$456,301. This reduction was due primarily to cash payments for accrued leave balances during the year to three retiring employees and to a number of existing District employees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

The accrual for other post-employment benefits increased by \$100,152 in FY2013 as a result of the annual cost of these benefits exceeding the amounts currently paid for premiums.

Additional information on the District's debt activity can be found in Note D, <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>, of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND FUTURE BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS

The District continued to exercise fiscal restraint in budgeting for District operations in FY2014, with an overall increase of 0.95 percent compared with the FY2013 Operating Budget. This budget includes:

- ❖ Maintaining the current level of services and programs for District customers;
- ❖ Continuing increases in regulatory compliance costs such as permitting costs paid to other public agencies and new water quality testing regulations;
- ❖ Decreases in some salary and benefits costs due to retirement of long-tenured employees and hiring of new employees at lower levels of the salary range for the same positions. New employees that were not previously members of the CalPERS retirement system also have significantly lower retirement contribution costs due to benefit formulas set in place by the Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) enacted by the California Legislature in 2012. Even with these decreases, total salary and benefit costs for District employees were budgeted at 3.97% above FY2013 compensation levels;
- ❖ A total of \$1.89 million in funds allocated to rebuilding financial reserves for capital improvement and employment-related benefits.

A 2014 Operating Budget Summary is included at the conclusion of this Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview of the District's operating budget.

The District has rebuilt its financial reserves from their 13-year low of \$3.03 million at the end of FY2008 to a level that supports a higher level of capital investment from reserves. Total capital improvement expenditures budgeted for FY2014 are about \$9.87 million compared with \$7.17 million in FY2013. This amount includes about \$7.94 million in carry-over projects from FY2013 and prior years, and about \$1.93 million in new projects for FY2014. Construction of a new groundwater well accounts for \$2.68 million of planned spending in FY2014, with completion of a significant water main replacement project in the southwestern part of the District's service area accounts for another \$1.29 million of planned capital spending during the year. Preliminary design work for an expansion and other improvements to the District's Administration Building, which began in FY2012, is budgeted for construction in FY2014 at about \$795,000. The District has budgeted for over \$618,000 in water service connection replacements during FY2014, and about \$151,000 for replacing fire hydrants, or upgrading or adding new hydrants to the District's system. Also budgeted is the replacement of field operations equipment such as a backhoe, a dump truck and a pickup truck to be replaced in FY2014 in the amount of about \$228,000. A 2014 Capital Improvement Budget Summary is included at the conclusion of this Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide an overview of the District's capital improvement budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

A significant but declining portion of the District's budget continues to be the repayment of long-term debt financing in the form of Certificates of Participation originally issued in 2000 (refunded in 2010) and Certificates of Participation originally issued in 2003 (refunded as Revenue Refunding Bonds in 2012). The annual debt service for these two issuances is budgeted at \$743,475 for FY2014, representing about 7.7 percent of the District's FY2014 Operating Budget.

The District's Board of Directors levied a water rate increase designed to achieve an overall increase in water rate revenues of 3.00% for 2014. A cost-of-service and financial plan study was performed in FY2013 that resulted in a decision by the Board of Directors to restructure water rates to more accurately and equitably assign the cost of service provided to the customers receiving the benefit of those services. Included in this restructuring of rates was the elimination of inclining block tiered rates for water consumption in favor of a single uniform tiered rate for all units of water consumed by customers. The increase in revenues resulting from the FY2014 water rates will provide additional revenue to offset rising operating costs and the increasing costs of reinvestment in the District's aging water transmission and distribution infrastructure.

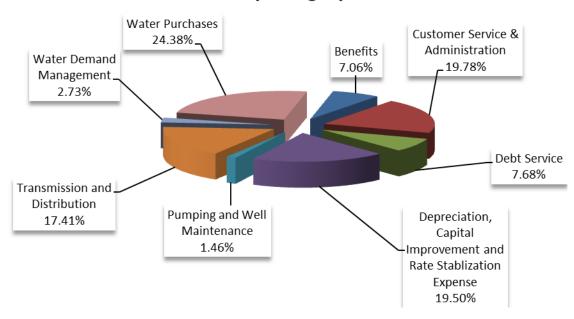
The District anticipates the need to consider future annual water rate increases to fund replacement of portions of the District's 265 miles of underground water mains and to pay the continually-rising operating costs of the District while maintaining financial reserves to comply with debt covenants and to provide funds for emergencies or catastrophic losses. The financial plan adopted by the Board of Directors in FY2013 contemplates water rate increases in the 3% range every year through FY2018. However, water rates for years beyond FY2014 have not been adopted by the Board of Directors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

2014 OPERATING BUDGET SUMMARY

Expense Category	2	2014 Adopted Budget	% Change 2014 vs. 2013
Benefits	\$	683,270	-36.93%
Customer Service & Administration		1,915,730	16.67%
Debt Service		743,475	-0.30%
Depreciation, Capital Improvement and Rate Stabilization Expense		1,889,000	-0.47%
Pumping and Well Maintenance		141,248	74.43%
Transmission and Distribution		1,685,791	7.25%
Water Demand Management		264,796	1.62%
Water Purchases		2,361,410	2.16%
	\$	9,684,720	0.95%

CHWD 2014 Operating Budget by Category

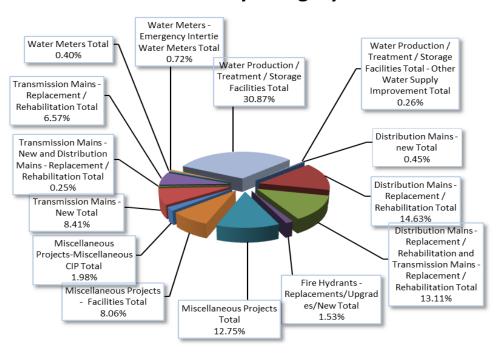


Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013

2014 CAPITAL PROJECTS BUDGET SUMMARY

Category	2014 Adopted
Distribution Mains - New	\$ 44,755
Distribution Mains - Replacement / Rehabilitation	1,443,473
Distribution Mains - Replacement / Rehabilitation and Transmission Mains - Replacement / Rehabilitation	1,293,268
Fire Hydrants - Replacements/Upgrades/New	151,212
Miscellaneous Projects	1,258,109
Miscellaneous Projects - Facilities	794,880
Miscellaneous Projects-Miscellaneous CIP	194,901
Transmission Mains - New	830,186
Transmission Mains - New and Distribution Mains - Replacement / Rehabilitation	24,693
Transmission Mains - Replacement / Rehabilitation Total	648,487
Water Meters Total	39,946
Water Meters - Emergency Intertie Water Meters Total	70,868
Water Production / Treatment / Storage Facilities Total	3,046,046
Water Production / Treatment / Storage Facilities - Other Water Supply Improvements	26,094
	\$ 9,866,918

CHWD 2014 Capital Improvement Budget by Category



BALANCE SHEETS

December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2012	2012
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		2013	(Restated)
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and investments		\$ 10,018,613	\$ 9,098,231
Accounts receivable		1,879,615	1,668,619
Due from other governments			190,908
Accrued interest receivable		4,203	5,270
Inventory		314,643	345,208
Prepaid expenses and other assets		411,532	672,231
	TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	12,628,606	11,980,467
RESTRICTED ASSETS			
Restricted cash and investments		536,973	536,967
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		47,548,396	45,993,090
	TOTAL ASSETS	60,713,975	58,510,524
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		00.002	101 142
Deferred amount from refunding debt		88,093	101,143
TOTAL ASSETS A	ND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 60,802,068	\$ 58,611,667
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NE	ET POSITION		
CURDENT LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable		\$ 417,934	\$ 440,964
Accounts payable Accrued payroll		39,819	92,962
Accrued interest payable		74,677	78,638
Deposits payable		263,899	244,439
Current portion of long-term liabilities		742,393	740,033
	TAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,538,722	1,597,036
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		, ,	, ,
Long-term debt		5,467,125	6,011,944
Accrued other postemployment benefits		535,000	434,848
Compensated absences		172,363	246,268
TOTA	L LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	6,174,488	6,693,060
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,713,210	8,290,096
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Deferred amount from refunding debt		29,172	30,497
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		42,108,244	39,988,113
Restricted for debt service		536,973	536,967
Unrestricted		10,414,469	9,765,994
	TOTAL NET POSITION	53,059,686	50,291,074
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INF	LOWS, AND NET POSITION	\$ 60,802,068	\$ 58,611,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012 (Restated)
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water sales	\$ 10,905,197	\$ 10,285,029
Connection and other fees	452,889	408,379
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	11,358,086	10,693,408
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Customer service, administration and general	2,763,786	2,481,956
Water purchases	2,322,002	2,219,550
Transmission and distribution	1,289,768	1,597,456
Pumping and well maintenance	133,950	130,129
Conservation	88,817	74,923
Depreciation and amortization	1,898,303	1,778,195
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	8,496,626	8,282,209
NET INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	2,861,460	2,411,199
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment income	24,586	24,067
Miscellaneous income	13,616	16,127
Grant revenue	3,178	3,126
Interest expense	(206,480)	(243,737)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	1,595	(31,125)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(163,505)	(231,542)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		
Contributed assets	70,657	96,445
TOTAL CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	70,657	96,445
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,768,612	2,276,102
Net position at beginning of year	50,291,074	48,014,972
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 53,059,686	\$ 50,291,074

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash receipts from customers \$ 11,166,550 \$ 10,616,296 Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (4,366,169) (4,297,839) Cash paid to employees for services (1,968,456) (1,851,181) NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES 4,831,925 4,467,276 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (245,260) (311,525) Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 9,635,198 9,440		2013	2012 (Restated)
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Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (4,366,169) (1,968,456) (1,968,456) (4,297,839) (1,968,456) (1,968,456) (1,851,181) CASH paid to employees for services 4,831,925 4,467,276 CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 Receipts from other net nonoperating revenues 207,702 81,149 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Purchase or construction of capital assets (30,000) (3,115,000) Payments on long-term debt (245,260) (3115,205) Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 290,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114	Cash receipts from customers	\$ 11,166,550	\$ 10,616,296
Cash paid to employees for services NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (1,968,456) (1,851,181) CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 Receipts from other net nonoperating revenues NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase or construction of capital assets (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR <	Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(4,366,169)	(4,297,839)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 Purchase or construction of capital assets (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (245,260) (311,525) Interest paid on capital debt 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (4,079,354) Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 536,973 536,967		(1,968,456)	(1,851,181)
Receipts from other net nonoperating revenues 207,702 81,149 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Purchase or construction of capital assets (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (250,000) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 36,973 \$ 536,967	NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	4,831,925	4,467,276
Receipts from other net nonoperating revenues 207,702 81,149 NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES 207,702 81,149 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Purchase or construction of capital assets (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (250,000) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 36,973 \$ 536,967			
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CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Purchase or construction of capital assets (530,000) (3,115,000) Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (245,260) (311,525) Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted 536,973 536,967			
Purchase or construction of capital assets (3,399,403) (3,229,208) Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt 2,542,396 Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 10,555,586 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: 10,018,613 9,098,231 Unrestricted 536,973 536,967	NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	207,702	81,149
Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt 2,542,396 Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: 10,018,613 9,098,231 Unrestricted 536,973 536,967	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on long-term debt (530,000) (3,115,000) Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt 2,542,396 Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: 10,018,613 9,098,231 Unrestricted 536,973 536,967	Purchase or construction of capital assets	(3,399,403)	(3,229,208)
Interest paid on capital debt (245,260) (311,525) Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: 10,018,613 9,098,231 Unrestricted \$10,018,613 9,098,231 Restricted 536,973 536,967	<u> •</u>	(530,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets 29,771 33,983 NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 Investment income received NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Unrestricted Restricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Sash,973 536,967	Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt		2,542,396
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (4,144,892) (4,079,354) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Unrestricted Restricted \$ 336,973 536,967	Interest paid on capital debt	(245,260)	(311,525)
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted 536,973 536,967	Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	29,771	33,983
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income received NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS P20,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 10,555,586 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: Unrestricted \$10,018,613 \$9,098,231 Restricted \$10,018,613 \$9,098,231 Figure 1,0018,613 \$9,098,231			
Investment income received 25,653 25,013 NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$10,555,586 \$9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: Unrestricted \$10,018,613 \$9,098,231 Restricted \$36,973 536,967	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,144,892)	(4,079,354)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: Unrestricted Restricted \$10,018,613 \$9,098,231 Restricted \$536,973 \$536,967	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES 25,653 25,013 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 920,388 494,084 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR Unrestricted S10,018,613 9,098,231 Restricted \$36,973 536,967	Investment income received	25,653	25,013
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:	NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		25,013
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 9,635,198 9,141,114 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 36,973 \$ 36,967	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	920,388	494,084
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$ 10,555,586 \$ 9,635,198 Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 36,973 \$ 36,967		0.507.100	0.444.444
Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following: Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted 536,973 536,967	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	9,635,198	9,141,114
Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 536,973 \$ 536,967	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 10,555,586	\$ 9,635,198
Unrestricted \$ 10,018,613 \$ 9,098,231 Restricted \$ 536,973 \$ 536,967	Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:		
Restricted 536,973 536,967		\$ 10.018 613	\$ 9.098 231
<u>\$ 10,555,586</u> <u>\$ 9,635,198</u>			
		\$ 10,555,586	\$ 9,635,198

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income from operations	\$ 2,861,460	\$ 2,411,199
Adjustments to reconcile net income from operations to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	1,898,303	1,778,195
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(210,996)	(113,035)
Inventory	30,565	11,948
Prepaid expenses and other assets	260,699	134,337
Accounts payable	(23,030)	112,410
Accrued payroll	(53,143)	15,891
Deposits payable	19,460	35,923
Accrued other postemployment benefits	100,152	98,507
Compensated absences	(51,545)	(18,099)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 4,831,925	\$ 4,467,276
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES		
Receipt of contributed assets	\$ 70,657	\$ 96,445
Deferred amount on bond refunding	\$ -	31,279
		,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Citrus Heights Water District (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District is accounted for as an enterprise fund and applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements in its accounting and reporting. In addition, the District follows Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity: The District was established on October 25, 1920 as an irrigation district under Division 11 of the Act of Legislature of the State of California. The District constructs and maintains waterworks and supplies domestic water in an area of approximately 12 square miles to 19,547 connections in Sacramento and Placer counties with an estimated population of 66,000. The District is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of three directors elected by residents of the District. The accompanying basic financial statements present the District and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the District.

The District has created the Citrus Heights Water District Financing Corporation (the Corporation) to provide assistance to the District in the issuance of debt. Although legally separate from the District, the Corporation is reported as if it were part of the primary government because it shares a common Board of Directors with the District and its sole purpose is to provide financing to the District under the debt issuance documents of the District. Debt issued by the Corporation is reflected as debt of the District in these financial statements. The Corporation has no other transactions and does not issue separate financial statements.

<u>Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting</u>: The District's resources are allocated to and accounted for in these basic financial statements as an enterprise fund type of the proprietary fund group. The enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other policies. Net position for the enterprise fund represent the amount available for future operations.

Basis of Accounting: The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The enterprise fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows associated with the operation of this fund are included on the balance sheet. Net position is segregated into amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt, amounts restricted and amounts unrestricted. Enterprise fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

The District uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Grant revenue is recognized when program expenditures are incurred in accordance with program guidelines. When such funds are received they are

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

recorded as unearned revenue until earned. Earned but unbilled water services are accrued as revenue. Water lines are constructed by private developers and then dedicated to the District, which is then responsible for their future maintenance. These lines are recorded as capital contributions when they pass inspection by the District and the estimated costs are capitalized as donated pipelines.

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the District. Operating revenues consist primarily of charges for services. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to financing and investing types of activities and result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents held include bank deposits and restricted and unrestricted investments in money market mutual funds and LAIF.

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: Certain proceeds of the District's long-term debt are classified as restricted investments on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable debt covenants.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are stated at their fair value, which represents the quoted or stated market value. Investments that are not traded on a market, such as investments in external pools, are valued based on the stated fair value as represented by the external pool.

<u>Inventory</u>: Inventory consists primarily of materials used in the construction and maintenance of the water distribution facilities and is valued on a first-in, first-out basis.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated assets are valued at estimated fair value on the date received. Self-constructed assets are recorded based on the amount of direct labor, material, and certain overhead charged to the asset construction. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Life
Pipeline and infrastructure	20-40 years
Equipment and machinery	5-10 years
Buildings	15-40 years
Well improvements	40 years
Donated pipelines	40 years
Improvements	40 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE A – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation expense aggregated \$1,886,578 and \$1,765,926 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and is included with depreciation and amortization expense.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. It is the District's policy to capitalize all capital assets with a cost of more than \$1,000 for tangible personal property and \$3,000 for infrastructure, building or improvements. Costs of assets sold or retired (and the related amounts of accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the balance sheet in the year of sale or retirement, and the resulting gain or loss is recognized in operations.

<u>Bond Premiums and Bond Issuance Costs</u>: Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds. Long-term liabilities are reported net of the applicable bond premiums. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

<u>Deferred Amount from Refunding Debt</u>: The difference between the reacquisition price of refunded debt and the net carrying amount of the previously outstanding debt is deferred and reported as either a deferred outflow or deferred inflow on the balance sheet. These amounts are amortized over the shorter of the term of the old debt or the new debt.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: The District's policy allows employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave, management leave and compensatory time-off which will be paid to employees upon separation from the District's service. The cost of annual leave, management leave and compensatory time-off is recognized in the period earned.

Upon death while employed by the District or retirement from the District, employees are paid one-third of their accumulated sick leave time. This amount is also recognized in the period earned.

New Pronouncements: In June 2012, the GASB approved Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement requires governments providing defined benefit pension plans to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability on the statement of net position and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This Statement also requires revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) to be reported by employers. The implementation of this GASB Statement will have a significant impact on the District's financial statements and is effective for the District's December 31, 2015 financial statements.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as December 31, 2013 and 2012 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

		_	2013	 2012
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and investments		\$	10,018,613 536,973	\$ 9,098,231 536,967
	Total cash and investments	\$	10,555,586	\$ 9,635,198

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following:

		2013		2012
Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Total cash	\$	550 3,509,732 3,510,282	\$	550 2,607,293 2,607,843
Certificates of deposit Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Held by fiscal agent:		6,508,331		6,490,388
Money market mutual fund Total investments	_	536,973 7,045,304	_	536,967 7,027,355
Total cash and investments	\$	10,555,586	\$	9,635,198

<u>Investment Policy</u>: California statutes authorize districts to invest idle, surplus or reserve funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 - Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the District's permissible investments included the following instruments:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
State of California obligations	5 years	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage pass-through securities	5 years	20%	None
LAIF	N/A	None	None

^{*}Excluding amounts held by the bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District complied with the provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) pertaining to the types of investments held, the institutions in which deposits were made and the security requirements. The District will continue to monitor compliance with applicable statutes pertaining to public deposits and investments.

<u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>: Investment of debt proceeds held by the bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. The Certificates of Participation debt agreements contain certain provisions that address interest rate risk and credit risk, but not concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	None	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	1 year	None	None
Commercial Paper	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposits	None	None	None
Investment Agreements	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	None	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
LAIF	N/A	None	None

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. All of the District's investments mature in 12 months or less.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

	Minimum Legal			atings as Year End			
	Rating		Total	 AAA	_	Not Rated	
LAIF Held by bond trustee:	N/A	\$	6,508,331		\$	6,508,331	
Money market mutual funds	AAA		536,973	\$ 536,973			
		\$	7,045,304	\$ 536,973	\$	6,508,331	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The investment policy of the District limits the amount that can be invested in any one issuer to the lesser of the amount stipulated by the California Government Code or 50% of total investments, with the exception of U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency Securities and LAIF. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than mutual funds and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District investments.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of the District's deposits were \$3,509,732 and the balances in financial institutions were \$4,149,099. Of the balance in financial institutions, \$780,325 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,368,774 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the District and other governmental agencies, but not in the name of the District. As of December 31, 2013, District investments in the following investment types were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the District to buy the securities:

Reported Investment Type	Amount				
Money market mutual funds	\$	536,973			

Investment in LAIF: LAIF is stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. The total fair value amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF is \$57,666,947,672 managed by the State Treasurer. Of that amount, 2.19% is invested in structured notes and asset-backed securities. No amounts were invested in derivative financial products. The Local Investment Advisory Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	Balance				
	January 1,				Balance
	2013				December 31,
	(Restated)	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	2013
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 824,210	\$ 131,473			\$ 955,683
Right of ways	26,080	Ψ 131,473			26,080
Construction in progress	1,107,744	1,005,554		\$ (851,593)	1,261,705
Total capital assets,	1,107,711	1,000,001		ψ (651,555)	1,201,703
not being depreciated	1,958,034	1,137,027		(851,593)	2,243,468
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Capacity entitlements	5,636,711				5,636,711
Improvements	55,847				55,847
Pipelines and infrastructure	41,649,675	1,879,665	\$ (92,257)	843,511	44,280,594
Equipment and machinery	2,689,194	356,407	(141,158)	,	2,904,443
Buildings and improvements	1,461,146	5,939	(500)		1,466,585
Well improvements	4,718,721	20,365	, ,	8,082	4,747,168
Donated pipelines	15,934,382	70,657			16,005,039
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	72,145,676	2,333,033	(233,915)	851,593	75,096,387
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Capacity entitlements	(1,684,579)				(1,684,579)
Improvements	(34,745)	(782)			(35,527)
Pipelines and infrastructure	(14,694,003)	(1,179,908)	66,158		(15,807,753)
Equipment and machinery	(2,151,188)	(132,814)	139,581		(2,144,421)
Buildings	(619,662)	(39,037)			(658,699)
Well improvements	(922,324)	(121,808)			(1,044,132)
Donated pipelines	(8,004,119)	(412,229)			(8,416,348)
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,110,620)	(1,886,578)	205,739		(29,791,459)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	44,035,056	446,455	(28,176)	851,593	45,304,928
Capital assets, net	\$ 45,993,090	\$ 1,583,482	\$ (28,176)	\$ -	\$ 47,548,396

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance January 1, 2012	Additions (Restated)	Deletions	Transfers	Balance December 31, 2012 (Restated)
	2012	(Hestated)	Beletions	Transfers	(Restated)
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 824,210				\$ 824,210
Right of ways	26,080				26,080
Construction in progress	1,217,151	\$ 1,098,829	\$ (3,599)	\$ (1,204,637)	1,107,744
Total capital assets,					
not being depreciated	2,067,441	1,098,829	(3,599)	(1,204,637)	1,958,034
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Capacity entitlements	5,615,262	21,449			5,636,711
Improvements	55,847				55,847
Pipelines and infrastructure	38,775,005	1,871,639	(194,611)	1,197,642	41,649,675
Equipment and machinery	2,643,804	221,152	(182,757)	6,995	2,689,194
Buildings and improvements	1,452,041	9,105			1,461,146
Well improvements	4,711,687	7,034			4,718,721
Donated pipelines	15,837,937	96,445			15,934,382
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	69,091,583	2,226,824	(377,368)	1,204,637	72,145,676
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Capacity entitlements	(1,684,579)				(1,684,579)
Improvements	(33,962)	(783)			(34,745)
Pipelines and infrastructure	(13,727,016)	(1,070,468)	103,481		(14,694,003)
Equipment and machinery	(2,237,095)	(126,435)	212,342		(2,151,188)
Buildings	(582,274)	(37,388)			(619,662)
Well improvements	(801,179)	(121,181)	36		(922,324)
Donated pipelines	(7,594,448)	(409,671)			(8,004,119)
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,660,553)	(1,765,926)	315,859		(28,110,620)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	42,431,030	460,898	(61,509)	1,204,637	44,035,056
Capital assets, net	\$ 44,498,471	\$ 1,559,727	\$ (65,108)	\$ -	\$ 45,993,090

<u>Capacity Entitlements</u>: From 1993 through 1998, the District participated with four other water agencies in a cooperative transmission pipeline project for the construction of additional transmission pipeline facilities. The District's share of these pipeline costs totaled \$5,615,262. The Capacity Entitlements asset represents the capacity rights the District has purchased in the cooperative transmission pipeline project owned by San Juan Water District. The asset is being amortized over the pipeline estimated useful life of forty years.

NOTE D – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities consist of the following:

<u>2010 Certificates of Participation</u>: In 2010, the District issued \$5,155,000 of Revenue Certificates of Participation (Certificates) with interest ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%. These 2010 Certificates were issued to refund certificates to finance certain capital improvements to the District's water system. The District is required to collect rates and charges from its water system that will be sufficient to yield net

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE D – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

revenues equal to 110% of debt service payments on any future debt issued and to deposit the net revenues in a revenue fund pledged for such future debt service payments. Annual principal payments, ranging from \$435,000 to \$545,000 are due on September 28 through September 28, 2020 and semi-annual interest payments, ranging from \$10,900 to \$66,125 are due on March 28 and September 28 through September 28, 2020.

2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds: In April 2012, the District issued \$2,275,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds with interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.25%. These 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued to refund the 2003 Certificates of Participation, which were issued to finance the cost of certain capital improvements to the District's water system. The District is required to collect rates and charges from its water system that will be sufficient to yield net revenues equal to 110% of debt service payments on any future debt issued and to deposit the net revenues in a revenue fund pledged for such future debt service payments. Annual principal payments, ranging from \$70,000 to \$160,000 are due on February 1 through February 1, 2033 and semi-annual interest payments, ranging from \$4,200 to \$49,400 are due on February 1 and August 1 through February 1, 2033.

The activity of the District's long-term liabilities during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2013	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2013	Due Within One Year
2010 Certificates of Participation 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds Less: Unamortized premiums	\$ 3,840,000 2,275,000 426,944 6,541,944		\$ (425,000) (105,000) (34,819) (564,819)	\$ 3,415,000 2,170,000 392,125 5,977,125	\$ 435,000 75,000 510,000
Accrued other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Compensated absences	434,848 456,301	\$ 116,968 22,360	(16,816) (73,905)	535,000 404,756	232,393
	\$ 7,433,093	\$ 139,328	\$ (655,540)	\$ 6,916,881	\$ 742,393
	Balance January 1, 2012	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance December 31, 2012	Due Within One Year
2003 Certificates of Participation 2010 Certificates of Participation 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds Less: Unamortized premiums	\$ 2,695,000 4,260,000 238,041 7,193,041	\$ 2,275,000 267,396 2,542,396	\$ (2,695,000) (420,000) (78,493) (3,193,493)	\$ 3,840,000 2,275,000 426,944 6,541,944	\$ 425,000 105,000 530,000
Accrued other postemployment benefits (OPEB) Compensated absences	336,341 474,400	120,078 3,478	(21,571) (21,577)	434,848 456,301	210,033
	\$ 8,003,782	\$ 2,665,952	\$ (3,236,641)	\$ 7,433,093	\$ 740,033

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE D – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding debt as of December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	2010 Ce	rtificates of Par	ticipation	2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds			
For the Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
December 31:							
2014	\$ 435,000	\$ 132,250	\$ 567,250	\$ 75,000	\$ 98,038	\$ 173,038	
2015	450,000	119,200	569,200	70,000	96,238	166,238	
2016	470,000	101,200	571,200	75,000	94,063	169,063	
2017	485,000	82,400	567,400	80,000	91,338	171,338	
2018	505,000	63,000	568,000	80,000	87,938	167,938	
2019-2023	1,070,000	64,600	1,134,600	475,000	381,463	856,463	
2024-2028				585,000	266,081	851,081	
2029-2033				730,000	99,750	829,750	
			•		•		
	\$ 3,415,000	\$ 562,650	\$ 3,977,650	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 1,214,909	\$ 3,384,909	

<u>Pledged Revenue</u>: The District pledged future water system revenues, net of specified expenses, to repay the 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds in the original amount of \$2,275,000. Proceeds of the Revenue Refunding Bonds were used to refund the 2003 Certificates of Participation to finance capital improvements to the District's water system. The Revenue Refunding Bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through February, 2033. Annual principal and interest payments on the Bonds are expected to require less than 80% of net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Revenue Refunding Bonds was \$3,384,909 and \$3,589,222 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The District pledged future water system revenues, net of specified expenses, to repay the 2010 Certificates of Participation in the original amount of \$5,155,000. Proceeds of the Certificates of Participation funded the acquisition and construction of certain facilities, as indicated above. The Certificates of Participation are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through September, 2020. Annual principal and interest payments on the Certificates of Participation are expected to require less than 80% of net revenues. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Certificates of Participation was \$3,977,650 and \$4,547,650 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Total principal and interest paid on all debt payable from net revenues was \$770,688 and \$771,476 and the total water system net revenues were \$4,823,936 and \$4,609,736 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, the District's net revenues were 621% and 598% of debt service payments, respectively.

NOTE E - ARBITRAGE REBATE LIABILITY

Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code requires issuers of tax-exempt state and local bonds to remit to the federal government amounts equal to (a) the excess of the actual amounts earned on all "Non-purpose Investments" allocable to "Gross Proceeds" of an issue of municipal obligations less the amount that would have been earned if the investments bore a rate equal to the amount that would have been earned if the investments bore a rate equal to the issue, plus (b) all income attributable to the excess. Issuers must make rebate payments at least once every five years and upon final retirement or redemption of the bonds. There was no arbitrage liability at December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE F - NET POSITION

<u>Restrictions</u>: Restricted net position consist of constraints placed on net asset use through external requirements imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or constraints by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position at December 31, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the debt service reserve on the 2010 Certificates of Participation. The restrictions represent debt service and other reserves required by the related debt covenants.

<u>Designations</u>: Designations of unrestricted net position may be imposed by the Board of Directors to reflect future spending plans or concerns about the availability of future resources. Designations may be modified, amended or removed by Board action. Designations included the following as of December 31:

	 2013	 2012
Rate stabilization	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
Operating reserve	3,085,466	2,711,688
Depreciation reserve capital improvements	(621,260)	786,290
Capital improvement reserve	627,185	(137,748)
Fleet equipment reserve	400,229	491,815
Employment-related benefits reserve	 423,120	 396,589
Total	\$ 4,914,740	\$ 5,248,634

The designations are for the following:

Designated for rate stabilization represents the amount to be used to ensure financial and customer rate stability in responding to certain conditions.

Designated for operating reserve is maintained for operating funds collected in advance for the following year, accrued leave reserve, self-insurance reserve, unanticipated operating expenses, unanticipated economic shortfall and unallocated funds.

Designated for depreciation reserve represents amounts set aside to replace or rehabilitate capital facilities at the end of their useful life.

Designated for capital improvement reserve represents amounts set aside for use in evaluating and constructing new capital facilities to benefit existing District customers. This reserve had a negative balance in past years due to large capital expenditures, including the meter retrofit program and well construction.

Designated for fleet equipment reserve represents amounts set aside to replace fleet equipment at the end of its useful life.

Designated for employment-related benefits reserve represents amounts set aside to pay the costs of employment-related benefits for existing and retired District employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE G - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description: The District contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. The District participates in the miscellaneous 2% at 55 risk pool. California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2012 (PEPRA) became law during the current fiscal year. Effective January 1, 2013, newly hired employees' pension benefits are governed by PEPRA, subject to limited exceptions. PEPRA employees have lower benefits and more pension cost sharing than employees hired prior to January 1, 2013. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. CalPERS requires agencies with less than 100 active members in the plan to participate in the risk pool. All full and part-time District employees working at least 1,000 hours per year are eligible to participate in PERS. Under PERS, benefits vest after five years of service. Upon retirement, participants are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable for life, in an amount equal to a benefit factor times the monthly average salary of either their highest twelve consecutive months full-time equivalent monthly pay for employees with the Tier 1 benefit, or their highest 36 consecutive months full-time equivalent monthly pay for employees with the Tier 2 or PEPRA plan. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Plan selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with PERS and adopts those benefits through District resolution. PERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the PERS Executive Office - 400 P Street - Sacramento, California 95814.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Active non-PEPRA plan members are required to contribute 7% and active PEPRA plan members are required to contribute 6.25% of their annual covered salary. The District makes the contributions required of non-PEPRA plan members on their behalf and for their account. The amount paid by the District on behalf of the employees was \$143,328 during 2013 and \$137,773 during 2012. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required employer contribution rate for 2011/12 was 17.593%, for 2012/13 was 17.831%, and for 2013/14 was 18.959%. The contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established and may be amended by PERS. The District's contributions for the years December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$428,425, \$400,048, and \$363,868, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions each year.

NOTE H – OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

<u>Plan Description</u>: The District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment healthcare (OPEB) plan providing health plan coverage to eligible retired employees and their eligible dependents. The District offers retirees the option to obtain coverage under the same medical plans as its active employees if such coverage is offered by the health insurer. Employees become eligible to retire and receive healthcare benefits with at least 20 years of service to the District. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For 2013 and 2012, the District contributed \$16,816 and \$21,571, respectively, to the plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE H – OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for 2013 and 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the OPEB plan:

	 2013	 2012
Normal cost	\$ 58,640	\$ 60,200
Amortization of unfunded AAL	 58,250	59,800
Annual required contribution	 116,890	 120,000
Interest and amortization of net OPEB obligation	78	78
Contributions made (premium payments made)	 (16,816)	(21,571)
Change in net OPEB obligation	100,152	 98,507
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 434,848	 336,341
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 535,000	\$ 434,848

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013, 2012, and 2011 were as follows:

		Net			
	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB		
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	_Obligation		
December 31, 2011	\$ 124,100	7.04%	\$ 336,341		
December 31, 2012	120,000	17.97%	434,848		
December 31, 2013	116,890	14.39%	535,000		

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>: As of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,414,800, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,266,500, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 62.42%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information below, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE H – OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is based on the District's own investments. The annual healthcare-cost trend rates are as follows: for medical premiums, 5% per year; for dental premiums, 4.00% per year. The assumptions also include a 3.25% annual increase in covered payroll and a 3% inflationary factor. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2012, was 30 years.

			Actuarial Accrued						UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Lia	bility (AAL)-		Unfunded				Percentage
Actuarial	Value of		Simplified		AAL	Funded		Covered	of /Covered
Valuation	Assets		Entry Age		(Uaal)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)		(b)		(b - a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)
December 31, 2009	_	\$	1.449.500	\$	1.449.500	_	\$	2,154,000	67.29%
December 31, 2012	-	\$ \$	1,414,800	\$	1,414,800	- -	φ	2,154,000	62.42%
December 31, 2012	_	Ψ	1,714,000	Ψ	1,717,000	_	Ψ	2,200,300	02.42/0

NOTE I – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Various claims have been filed against the District. In the opinion of the District's management and legal counsel, the claims will not have a material impact on the basic financial statements.

The District has capital project commitments as of December 31, 2013 totaling \$924,023 related to construction work.

NOTE J - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

During 2013 and 2012, the District purchased 96.87% and 95.86%, respectively, of its water supply from the San Juan Water District (SJWD). Total purchases for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$2,322,002 and \$2,219,550. In addition, the District owns water transmission capacity entitlements through the cooperative transmission pipeline project owned and operated by SJWD.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE K – INSURANCE

The District participates in the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA/JPIA) a public entity risk pool of California water agencies, for general and auto liability, public officials liability, property damage, fidelity insurance and workers compensation liability. ACWA/JPIA provides insurance through the pool up to a certain level, beyond which group purchased commercial excess insurance is obtained.

The District pays an annual premium to ACWA/JPIA that includes its pro-rata share of excess insurance premiums, charges for the pooled risk, claims adjusting and legal costs, and administrative and other costs to operate the ACWA/JPIA. The District's deductibles and maximum coverage are as follows:

	Commercial			
Coverage	ACWA/JPIA	Insurance	Deductible	
General and Auto Liability (Includes Public Officials Liability)	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 58,000,000	None	
Property Damage	50,000	100,000,000	\$ 1,000 - 50,000	
Crime	100,000	None	1,000	
Workers Compensation Liability	2,000,000	Statutory	None	
Employers Liability	2,000,000	Statutory	None	

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss to cover all claims for risk of loss to which the District is exposed. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE L – RESTATEMENT

During the current year an error was discovered in which the District inadvertently removed from expenses and capitalized \$396,275 of capital project expenditures twice. This error was corrected in these 2013 financial statements.

The effect of this error correction on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 is presented below:

As Previously			Effect of	
Reported	Adjusted	Correction		
\$ 46,389,365	\$ 45,993,090	\$	(396,275)	
7,885,934	8,282,209		396,275	
50,687,349	50,291,074		(396,275)	
	Reported \$ 46,389,365 7,885,934	Reported Adjusted \$ 46,389,365 \$ 45,993,090 7,885,934 8,282,209	Reported Adjusted C \$ 46,389,365 \$ 45,993,090 \$ 7,885,934 8,282,209	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Citrus Heights Water District Citrus Heights, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Citrus Heights Water District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and question costs as item 2013-1, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness. In addition, the prior auditor identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of prior year findings, that they considered to be a significant deficiency as item 2009-1.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated March 27, 2014.

The District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year findings. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company

March 27, 2014

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

December 31, 2013 and 2012

Finding 2013 – 1

Controls Over Financial Reporting

Reporting Requirement: Material Weakness

<u>Criteria</u>: Procedures need to be in place to ensure that costs added to construction in progress and the capital asset accounts can be reconciled to actual costs incurred.

<u>Condition</u>: In both 2012 and 2013, the District reclassified expenses to construction in progress that exceeded the actual expenditures incurred because certain expenditures were removed and capitalized twice.

<u>Cause</u>: The District does not have the necessary procedures to ensure that costs being removed from the expense accounts to be recorded as capital assets are not being double counted.

<u>Effect</u>: In 2012, construction in progress was overstated and expenses were understated by \$396,275, resulting in a restatement of the prior year statement of net position. In 2013, a correcting adjusting journal entry was made in the amount of \$435,865 to correct a double-posting of construction in progress costs.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Procedures should be put in place to enhance the District's project tracking system to ensure that the proper amounts of costs are reclassified out of expenses and into construction in progress. The District should also consider recording all project costs as additions to construction in progress and then transfer the entire project costs to the proper asset category, which may assist in ensuring that costs are not capitalized twice. Consideration should also be given to establishing separate general ledger accounts to record the entries made to capitalize certain expenditures.

<u>Management's Response</u>: District Management concurs with the Auditor's recommendation. District staff has already begun development of procedures to implement the Auditor's recommendation, and a goal has been set to fully implement procedures by no later than October 31, 2014.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

December 31, 2013 and 2012

Finding 2009 – 1

Controls Over Financial Reporting

Reporting Requirement: Significant Deficiency

<u>Criteria</u>: Statement on Auditing Standard No. 112, *Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit* (SAS 112) applies to the District's internal control over preparation of the financial statements. The standard provides guidance to the auditor in evaluating an entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

External auditors cannot be part of an entity's internal controls, including controls over the preparation of the financial statements, and are prohibited from auditing their own work as doing so impairs their independence. Under SAS 112, an entity's inability to draft its own financial statements is an indication of a potential significant deficiency or material weakness.

The District should have the capacity to prepare full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). To carry out this responsibility, an entity must have proper internal controls over financial reporting in place. Proper internal controls over financial reporting include, but are not limited to, internal controls that identify misstatements in the financial records, ensuring staff in financial reporting and related oversight roles (or outside consultants who fill reporting roles) are equipped with the necessary knowledge and abilities, and adequate design of internal control over the preparation of the financial statements.

<u>Condition</u>: Currently, the District relies on the external auditors to ensure its financial statements are in accordance with GAAP. In addition, the District relies on the external auditors to ensure that all necessary disclosures are included in the notes to the financial statements.

<u>Cause</u>: Prior to the issuance of SAS 112, the District was able to rely on the external auditors to assist with preparation of the financial statements and related notes without being subject to control deficiencies.

<u>Effect or Potential Effect</u>: The risk of misstatement in the financial statements increases when management is not able to apply GAAP in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including the related notes. Also, by relying on the external auditors to ensure its financial statements are in accordance with GAAP, the District is considering the external auditors a part of its internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District may consider the following possible actions:

- Provide training opportunities for its staff that would enable them to become more familiar with the requirements for financial statements prepared using GAAP.
- Hire an external professional experienced in preparing governmental type financial statements to confirm that the accounting records, financial statements and related disclosures are in accordance with GAAP.
- Take no action. The District may find that the costs outweigh the benefits to adhere to this standard. No action will result in a significant deficiency (or material weakness, depending on magnitude) in the District's internal controls over the preparation of the financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RESPONSES (Continued)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

Management Response: The District first became aware of Statement on Auditing Standard No. 112 (SAS 112) in February 2007 during the audit for FY 2006. SAS 112 imposes a new standard that fundamentally changes the approach that Citrus Heights Water District (and thousands of other small public entities across the United States) has used for decades – having its independent auditor also prepare its financial statements. Although this Auditing Standard suggests that an entity's inability to draft its own financial statements may be a material weakness or significant deficiency, Management is confident that its internal controls are sound and that the approach used to prepare its FY 2013 financial statements is as fundamentally sound as it has been for many years before SAS 112 was issued.

Management has evaluated approaches that it can employ to comply with SAS 112. The Independent Auditor's Recommendation cites providing training opportunities for its accounting staff to enable preparation of the financial statements by District staff as one possible approach. However, by design, District financial and accounting staff members are generalists in nature. Each staff member has a broad array of functional responsibilities and as such they have never been expected to have the expertise to prepare full disclosure financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It is the position of Management that the level of training needed in order to attain this level of expertise is beyond what the District wishes to have its staff members undergo.

Contracting for preparation of the financial statements by a Certified Public Accountant or other qualified persons separate from the Independent Auditor has also been considered as a possible approach to comply with SAS 112. It appears that this approach would satisfy SAS 112. However, this approach also involves significant additional expense for the District to employ another individual or firm separate from the Independent Auditor to prepare its financial statements. It has been the recommendation of Management, supported by the District's Board of Directors, that the District not incur this significant additional expense simply to satisfy SAS 112.

As stated in the Recommendation for this finding, taking no action is a possible alternative to compliance with SAS 112. The District has elected to continue to employ this alternative in the preparation of its financial statements for FY 2013, and believes that this course of action best serves the District, its Board of Directors and its customers.